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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/004,363	11/01/2001	Ali Bani-Hashemi	2001P18496US	7290
7590 06/20/2005			EXAMINER	
Siemens Corporation Attn: Elsa Keller, Legal Administrator			MANTIS MERCADER, ELENI M	
Intellectual Prop	perty Department		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
186 Wood Avenue South Iselin, NJ 08830			3737	
•			DATE MAIL ED. 06/20/200	-

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
Office Action Summary	10/004,363	BANI-HASHEMI ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
The MALL NO DATE And	Eleni Mantis Mercader	3737
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	n appears on the cover sheet with	the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR R THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CI after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ON. FR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply on. a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (3) eriod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS statute. Cause the application to become ARANI statute.	y be timely filed O) days will be considered timely. S from the mailing date of this communication.
Status		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	05 October 2004	· · .
·	This action is non-final.	
3) Since this application is in condition for all		procedution on to the model in
closed in accordance with the practice und	der Ex narte Quavle 1935 C.D. 1	1 453 O.C. 212
Disposition of Claims	101 Ex parto Quayio, 1000 C.D. 1	1, 433 O.G. 213.
· _		
4) Claim(s) <u>1-3,5-18 and 20-29</u> is/are pendin		
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with	idrawn from consideration.	
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	- 1	
6) Claim(s) <u>1-3, 5-18, and 20-29</u> is/are reject	ea.	
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.		
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction a	nd/or election requirement.	
Application Papers		
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Exar	niner.	
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)	accepted or b) ☐ objected to by t	the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to		
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the co	rrection is required if the drawing(s) is	s objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the	e Examiner. Note the attached Of	ffice Action or form PTO-152.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore	eian priority under 35 U.S.C. & 11	9(a)-(d) or (f)
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	sign phonty under 55 6.6.6. § 11	9(a)-(u) 01 (1).
1. Certified copies of the priority docum	ents have been received	
2. Certified copies of the priority docum		ination No
3. Copies of the certified copies of the	oriority documents have been rec	cation No
application from the International Bu	reau (PCT Rule 17 2(a))	erved in this National Stage
* See the attached detailed Office action for a		eived
		siveu.
Attachment(s)		
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview Summ	nany (PTO 413)
2) 🔲 Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Ma	nil Date
 Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	(/08) 5) Notice of Inform	nal Patent Application (PTO-152)

Art Unit: 3737

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed on 10/05/2004 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Based on the newly amended language, Applicant's attention is directed to the embodiment of Figure 7 of Cosman'072 of record. According to this embodiment, Cosman'072 teaches acquiring first three-dimensional surface data representing at least a portion of a patient's body at a first position (referring to the surface data of the patient obtained by the camera system C4), acquiring second data independent form the first data and representing at least one internal three-dimensional portion of the patient's body while the patient is in the first position (see element 130 which constitutes the 3D imager of interest including ultrasound, CT or MRI), and acquiring third three-dimensional surface data using cameras C4 when radiation treatment is occurring using the radiotherapy apparatus (elements 5 & 6) and necessarily comparing all the data using element 136, which is a computer or a controller, in order to accurately align all the obtained information and accurately treat the area of interest 7. The therapy system LINAC as well as the images (camera obtained image and scanned) are correlated on the basis of the isocenter point 7 and its 3D location (see col. 3, lines 54-67, col. 6, lines 39-59, and col. 15, line 8-col. 16, line 42).

Double Patenting

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

Art Unit: 3737

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

- 2. Claims 1-3, 5-18 and 20-29 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-26 of U.S. Patent No. 6,535,574. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because they represent alternate variations and groupings.
- 3. Claims 1-3, 5-18 and 20-29 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-16 of copending Application No. 10/051,588. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because they represent alternate variations and groupings.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Art Unit: 3737

5. Claims 1-3, 5-18 and 20-29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Cosman'072.

Applicant's attention is directed to the embodiment of Figure 7 of Cosman'072 of record. According to this embodiment, Cosman'072 teaches acquiring first three-dimensional surface data representing at least a portion of a patient's body at a first position (referring to the surface data of the patient obtained by the camera system C4), acquiring second data independent form the first data and representing at least one internal three-dimensional portion of the patient's body while the patient is in the first position (see element 130 which constitutes the 3D imager of interest including ultrasound, CT or MRI), and acquiring third three-dimensional surface data using cameras C4 when radiation treatment is occurring using the radiotherapy apparatus (elements 5 & 6) and necessarily comparing all the data using element 136, which is a computer or a controller, in order to accurately align all the obtained information and accurately treat the area of interest 7.

Cosman'072 teaches a method comprising:

acquiring first data representing a three-dimensional surface of at least a portion of a patient's body while the patient is in a first position (col. 3, lines 34-39; col. 4, lines 13-24; col. 4, lines 35-47; describing how the cameras track in a three-dimensional space the surface of the patient marked by trackable markers and also see col. 16, lines 8-42, describing video views and also see col. 18, lines 34-40; describing 3D surface contour matching);

and acquiring second data representing at least one internal portion of the patient's body while the patient is in the first position (col. 3, lines 29-34).

Art Unit: 3737

Regarding claims 2, 14, and 18 Cosman'072 teaches determining a radiation treatment plan based on the first data, the second data, and on data representing a physical layout of a radiation treatment station and a treatment planning device for generating a radiation treatment plan based on the computed tomography data, the first three-dimensional surface data, and data representing a physical layout of a radiation treatment station (see col. 4, lines 48-61 and col. 5, lines 8-45).

Cosman'072 teaches determining the radiation treatment plan comprising: determining a position of a radiation treatment device that will avoid the patient's body and that will allow irradiation of a portion of the at least one internal portion (see col. 7, lines 18-24).

Cosman'072 teaches, the first position being a position that is substantially maintained during a computed tomography scan (see col. 10, lines 19-37), and comparing the CT information with the camera information to determine whether the positional information matches (see col. 10, lines 37-50).

Cosman'072 teaches moving the patient so that the second position corresponds to the first position (see col. 10, lines 50-57 and see col. 13, lines 29-42).

Cosman'072 teaches changing a radiation treatment plan for the patient based on a difference between the first position and the second position (see col. 6, lines 39-59).

Any movements outside of acceptable thresholds or otherwise stated outside of the body boundaries, are detected and corrections are made by moving the patient's body in order to deliver effective treatment (col. 16, lines 60-67 and col. 17, lines 1-48).

Cosman'072 teaches a computed tomography scanning device for acquiring computed tomography data of a patient while the patient is in a scanning position (col. 20, lines 28-31); and

Art Unit: 3737

a first surface photogrammetry device for acquiring first three-dimensional surface data of at least a portion of the patient's body while the patient is in the scanning position (col. 20, lines 36-41 and 47-52 and col. 18, lines 34-40).

Cosman'072 further teaches a controller for determining if the treatment position corresponds to the scanning position based on the first three-dimensional surface data and the second three-dimensional surface data (see col. 6, lines 50-59 and col. 10, lines 37-50).

Cosman'072 further teaches the first surface photogrammetry device and the second surface photogrammetry device are a same device (see alternative embodiments of Figures 5 and 6 wherein either 2 cameras or three cameras are used, so in the embodiment of Figure 11, the function of two cameras is accomplished by a single camera or alternatively stated, two cameras are used as opposed to three).

Cosman'072 further teaches the therapy system LINAC as well as the images (camera obtained image and scanned) are correlated on the basis of the isocenter point 7 and its 3D location (see col. 3, lines 54-67, col. 6, lines 39-59, and col. 15, line 8-col. 16, line 42).

Art Unit: 3737

Page 7

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Eleni Mantis Mercader whose telephone number is (571) 272-4740. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon. - Fri., 8:00 a.m.-6:30 p.m..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Brian Casler can be reached on (571) 272-4956. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Eleni Mantis Mercader Primary Examiner Art Unit 3737

EMM